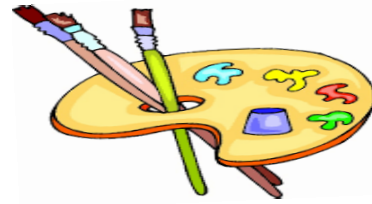


**The English Department
Grade Six Term (1)**

Name:

Class:

Unit One
A famous Artist
Vocabulary



Words	Part of Speech	Meaning
model	(N)	مجسم
cot	(N)	سرير الطفل
palm leaves	(N)	سعف النخيل
own	(V)	يملك
move to	(Ph. V)	ينتقل إلى
collect	(V)	يجمع
rough	(Adj.)	هائج

Words	Part of Speech	Meaning
background	(N)	خلفية
foreground	(N)	أمامية
middle	(N)	منتصف
furniture	(N)	أثاث
made of	(Ph. V)	مصنوع من
soundly	(Adv.)	بشكل تام
show	(V)	يعرض
pass away	(Ph. V.)	يموت

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

1 – We need to buy for our new house.

- a) cot b) middle c) palm leaves d) furniture

2 – Rich people cars, villas and a lot of money.

- a) show b) collect c) own d) made of

3 – The teacher's table is always in the of the classroom.

- a) middle b) background c) foreground d) model

4 – Artiststheir great paintings in the museum for all people.

- a) made of b) passed away c) show d) collect

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

model – cot – palm leaves – show– collect

1- My little sister likes going to the beach to shells.

2- They will a nice programme about animals tonight.

3- Baskets are made of

4- Sara bought a new for her baby.

Reading Comprehension



Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Camels live in the desert, where it is hot and dry. They have thick hair that **protects** them from the sun. They have wide, soft feet that help the camel to walk a long time in the hot sand.

The camel is called; "The ship of the desert." because it can live for days in the desert without food or water. It has a long neck to reach high palm trees. Camels live in groups, with one male, several females, and their young are called calves.

In the desert, people feed camels with grass. When camels are travelling in the desert, food is often very hard to find. If there is not any food, **they** can adapt and help themselves well. People have been using camels for about 5000 years. They are used for riding , for carrying things ,getting their meat, milk and wool.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1 What is the best title for the passage?

- a) Deserts
- b) Camels
- c) People and Camels
- d) Camels ' Food

2- The word "**protects**" in the 1st mparagraph means:

- a) saves
- b) helps
- c) keeps
- d) fixes

3- The pronoun "**they**" in the 3rd paragraph refers to:

- a) people
- b) calves
- c) things
- d) camels

4- What is the purpose of the writer in this passage?

- a) camels can live well in the desert.
- b) camels can live without food or water.
- c) camels can eat anything
- d) camels are big animals.

B) Answer the following questions:

5- Why do people use camels?

.....

6- Where do camels live?

.....

7-What do camels eat if there is no food?

.....

Grammar
Used to / didn't use to



1- He **used to** **play** football, but now he plays tennis.

In the past

infinitive



2- She **used to** **ride** a bicycle, but now she drives a car.

In the past

infinitive



Negative

- I **used** to read books when I was young. Affirmative

- I **didn't** use to read books when I was young. Negative



* **used to**

* **didn't use to**



+ inf.



A habit in the past
that stops or
changes now



sentences



Affirmative

* **used to** + inf.

Negative

* **didn't use to** + inf.

Questions

Yes / No Questions

* **Did** you **use to** read books?

* Yes, I **did**.

* No, I **didn't**.

Wh. Questions

* **What did** you **use to** read?

* I used **to** read books.

Did + S. + **use to** + inf. + ...?

Wh. + **did** + S. + **use to** + inf. + ...?

EX. Choose the correct answer:

I (use to - used to - am used to) drink milk when I was young, but I (didn't - don't - doesn't) use to drink coffee. All children at the same age of mine used(in - for - to) have the same habit. Now, I (drank - drinks - drink) many other drinks.

EX. Do as shown between brackets:

1- Sara used to walk for a long time when she was nine. (Make a negative)

.....

2- Ali used to watch action films. (Make a question)

.....

Spelling

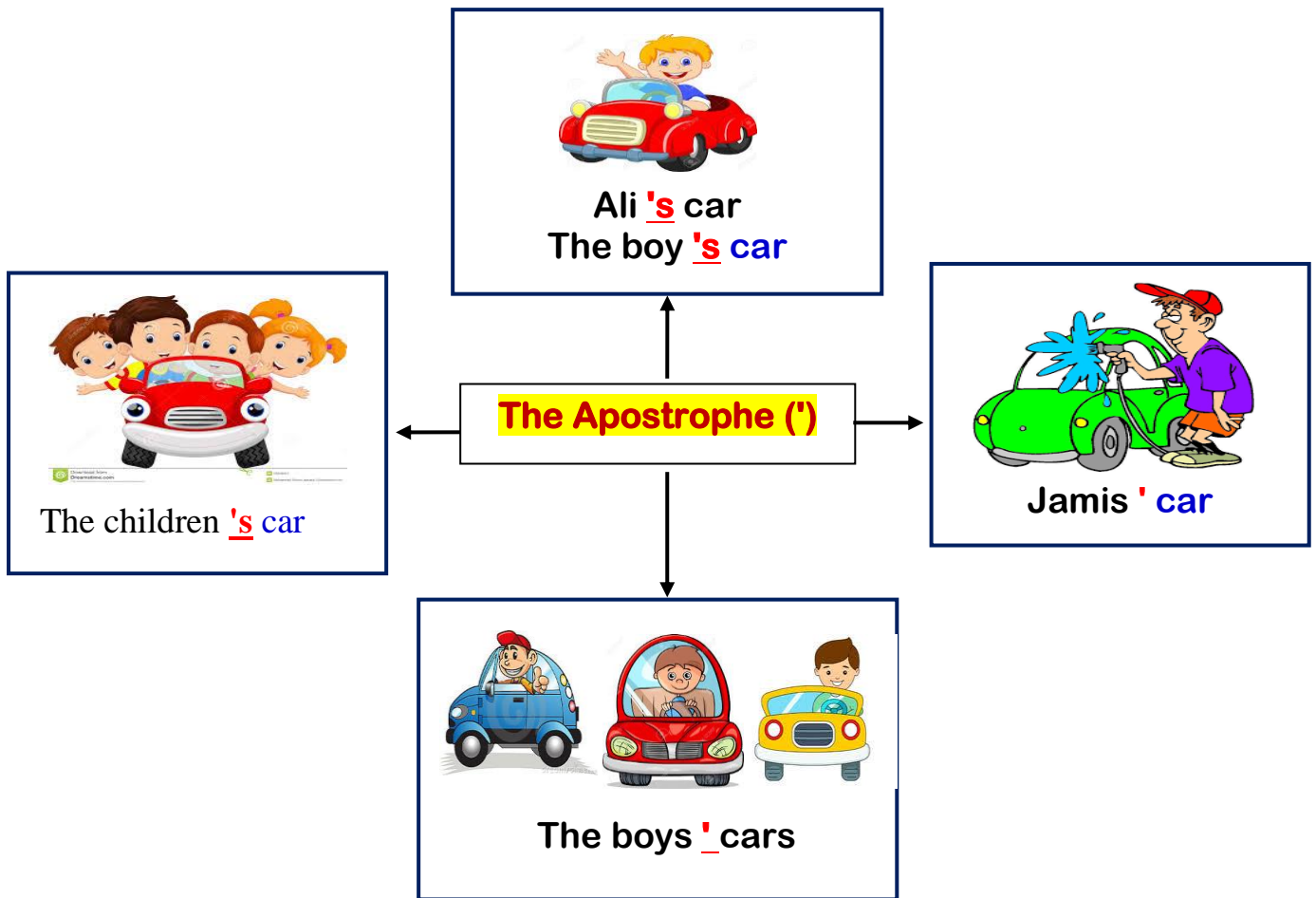
Complete the missing letters to make correct words:

1- The sea is rough in the **bcakogunrd** of the picture.

.....

2- Our **fruntirue** is made of wood.

.....



EX. Choose the correct answer:

I live in my(parents' – parents – parents's) house with my brother Faris. He is a good painter by the way.(Faris – Faris ' – Fari 's) teachers love him because he is a clever boy. Salim is his best friend at school. (Salims – Salim's – Salims') favourite hobby is painting too. The two friends always say that art is very important for (people's – peoples – peoples') life.

Composition

" Everyone has his own hobby. "

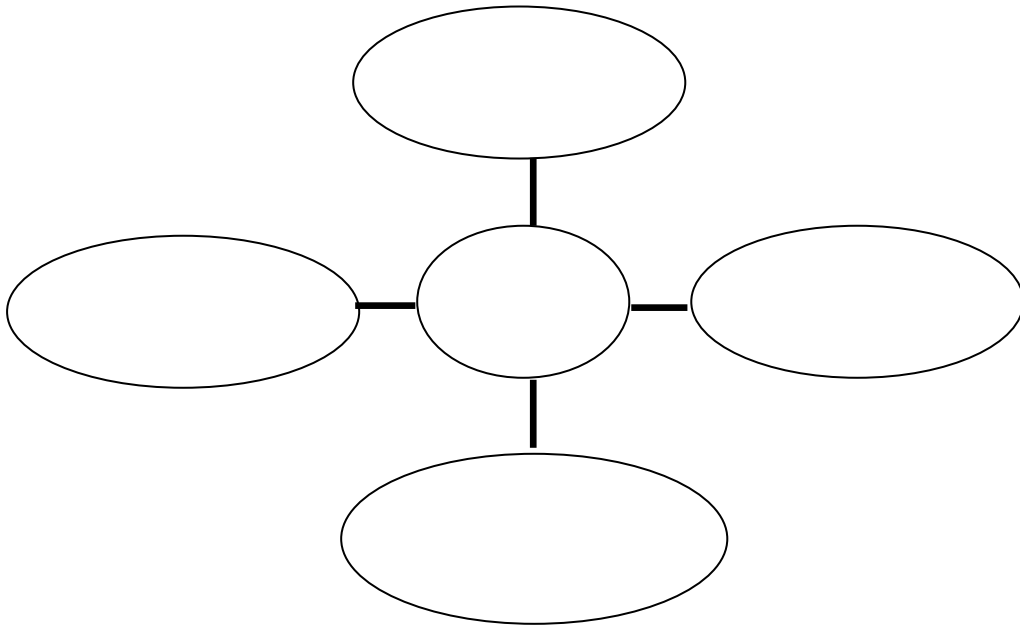
Plan and write a paragraph not less than (8 sentences) about "Painting"



These guide words may help you:

hobby - need - colours - papers - free time - mother – interesting - artist

Plan your topic here



.....

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Unit Two

An Advertisement for Kuwait

Vocabulary



Words	Part of Speech	Meaning
advertisement	(N)	إعلان
sphere,	(N)	شكل كروي
businessm	(N)	رجل أعمال
Feed	(V)	يطعم
happily	(Adv.)	بسعادة
scuba diving	(N)	الغوص بالمعدات
tasty	(Adj.)	لذيذ
aquarium	(N)	حوض سمك

Words	Part of Speech	Meaning
Miss	(V)	يفقد
Edition	(N)	اصدار
Price	(N)	سعر
Browser	(N)	متصفح
Deal	(N)	صفقة
Exciting	(Adj.)	مثير
Shows	(N)	عروض
old-fashioned	(Adj.)	نو طراز قديم

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

1- People can find. in the newspaper.

- a) advertisement b) sphere c) edition d) deal

2- My uncle is a He has a big company.

- a) price b) aquarium c) scuba diving d) businessman

2- My mother's food is always

- a) exciting b) tasty c) broken d) old - fashioned

4- I the school bus because I got up late.

- a) collected b) missed c) fed d) owned

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

own – exciting – miss – tasty - feed

1- Children like to watch the shows in the circus.

2- Don't watching the action films on MBC2.

3- We had a meal at my grandmother's house.

4- Mothers their babies every day.

Reading Comprehension



Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Scientists have been inventing things for years. Those inventions have made life easy and simple. In the past, people lived a **hard** life. There weren't any air conditioners to keep their homes cool in summer or to keep them warm in winter.

There were no washing machines or fridges. Before inventing the plane, most people traveled by cars, boats, and trains. Today, airplanes help people travel to long distances faster and easier. Before inventing the telephone, people kept in touch by writing letters or talking to each other face to face. Today, **they** can send messages using mobiles. They can chat with other people all over the world through the net.

Computers have made it easy for people to get information, do researches, play games or take photos. Inventions have made our life easy, simple and more comfortable.

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

1- What is the best title for the passage?

- | | |
|---------------------|------------------|
| a) Great Inventions | b) Famous People |
| c) Computers | d) Science |

2- The opposite of the word "**hard**" in the 1st paragraph means:

- | | |
|--------------|----------------|
| a) easy | b) simple |
| c) difficult | d) comfortable |

3- The pronoun "**they**" in the 2nd paragraph refers to?

- | | |
|---------------|-------------|
| a) mobiles | b) people |
| c) researches | d) messages |

4- In this passage, the purpose of the writer is:

- | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| a) scientists waste their time | b) inventions make our life difficult |
| c) life is very complicated | d) inventions make our life easy |

B) Answer the following questions:

5- How did people travel before inventing the plane?

.....

6- What is a computer used for?

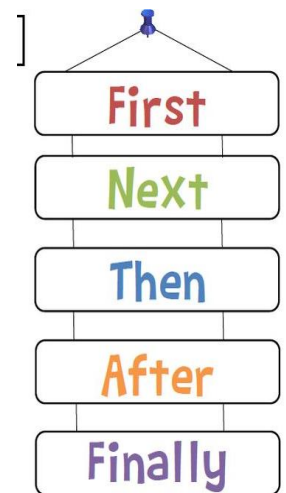
.....

7- Which inventions made our life easier?

.....

Sequencing words

I had a nice day yesterday. **First**, I got up very early. **Next**, I had a delicious breakfast with my family. **Then**, we went to Al-Khiran where we met our friends. **After that**, we Played many games together. **Finally**, we came back home very tired, but happy. Dad promised to go there again.



EX. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

I do many activities after school.(First - After that - Finally), I go for my English course in the training centre next to my house., (Then - First - Finally), I come back home to surf the net., (Then - After that - Finally), I try to finish my homework. (After that - Then - Finally), I go to bed early to get up early for school.

Spelling

Complete the missing letters to make correct words:

1-Old -**fsoihnoaed** clothes have low prices these days.

.....

2-Scuba diving is an **ecxtinig** sport.

.....

3-My uncle is a **biusnsemsan**.

.....

Connectors

She was absent
because
she was very sick.



It is very hot
, so
I switch on the A. C.



Connectors



I like mango
and
banana.



They are poor
, but
They are very happy.

EX. Join the following sentences:

1-We study English. We study Arabic.

2-She is fat. She can run fast.

3-I finished my homework. My mother will take me out.

4-Sara saves money. Sara wants to buy a new mobile.

Composition



" Kuwait has many interesting places to visit." Plan and write a paragraph of not less than (8 sentences) about " Famous places in Kuwait."

These guide words and phrases may help you:

Wonderful – visit - Failaka Island – Kuwait Towers – Scientific Center – Dickson House – museum - enjoy

Unit Three
A Local Television Programme



Vocabulary

Word	Part of speech	Meaning
receptionist	(N)	موظف الاستقبال
worried	(Adj)	قلق
programme	(N)	برنامج
hastily	(Adv)	بسرعة
cartoon	(N)	رسوم متحركة
prefer	(V)	يفضل
daughter	(N)	ابنة
leave	(V)	يترك

Words	Part of Speech	Meaning
Remember	(V)	يتذكر
x-ray	(V)	يعمل أشعة
Safety	(N)	أمان
Hit	(V)	يخبط
Actor	(N)	ممثل
Episode	(N)	حلقة
Broken	(Adj.)	مكسور
Frightened	(Adj.)	مرعوب

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d :

1- Itravelling to Dubai for shopping.

- a) leave b) x-ray c) prefer d) hit

2-For your, you should drive your car carefully.

- a) actor b) cartoon c) safety d) receptionist

3- He is on a wheelchair because his leg is

- a) worried b) broken c) frightened d) exciting

4- I like watching cooking on TV.

- a) episodes b) daughters c) programmes d) cartoons

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

hit – frightened – leave –worried - remember

1-Always to read some of the Holy Qura'an every day.

2-Don't be I can help you with your project.

3-Dana is not at home, you can a message to her.

4-Young children are of dogs and big animals.

Reading Comprehension



Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Children have a **good** memory. They can remember a lot of events and stories that go back to their early childhood. I can't forget that day when I was just a kid at the age of eight. On that day, my father took me with him to the sea as he was a fisherman. It was a dream to go with him. We went in his boat. All the other fishermen were there.

The show was amazing. Everybody was busy preparing for the fishing trip. Fishermen have their preparations before going on a fishing trip. **They** take their fishing tools, baskets, food and drinks.

Fishermen may spend days working in the sea. They never feel tired or bored. After spending two days at sea, we all came back home with a lot of fish with us. I will never forget that day.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- What is the best title for the passage?

- | | |
|-------------------|--------------|
| a) A Happy Day | b) Fishermen |
| c) A fishing Trip | d) Sea Life |

2- The underlined pronoun "**They**" in the 2nd paragraph refers to:

- | | |
|----------|--------------|
| a) tools | b) fishermen |
| c) boats | d) baskets |

3- The opposite of the word "**good**" in the 1st paragraph is:

- | | |
|-----------|----------|
| a) clever | b) sharp |
| c) weak | d) nice |

4- The purpose of the writer in this passage is:

- | | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| a) children have weak memory | b) people can remember the sad stories |
| a) children remember memories well | d) fishing trips are fun |

B) Answer the following questions:

5- What do fishermen take when they go to the sea?

.....

6- How do they go to the sea?

.....

7- Why is fishing a hard job?

.....

Grammar

The Past Simple Tense Affirmative



- They **walked** to school yesterday.

- He **ate** chicken last week.

Form

Regular Verbs

(Verb + ed)

play ---- **played**
cook ---- **cooked**
dance ---- **danced**
carry ---- **carried**

Irregular Verbs

(Change Verbs)

see ---- saw
go ---- went
read --- read
feed --- fed

Usage

X

Past

Present

Future

Remember!

Actions that started and finished in the past.

Negative

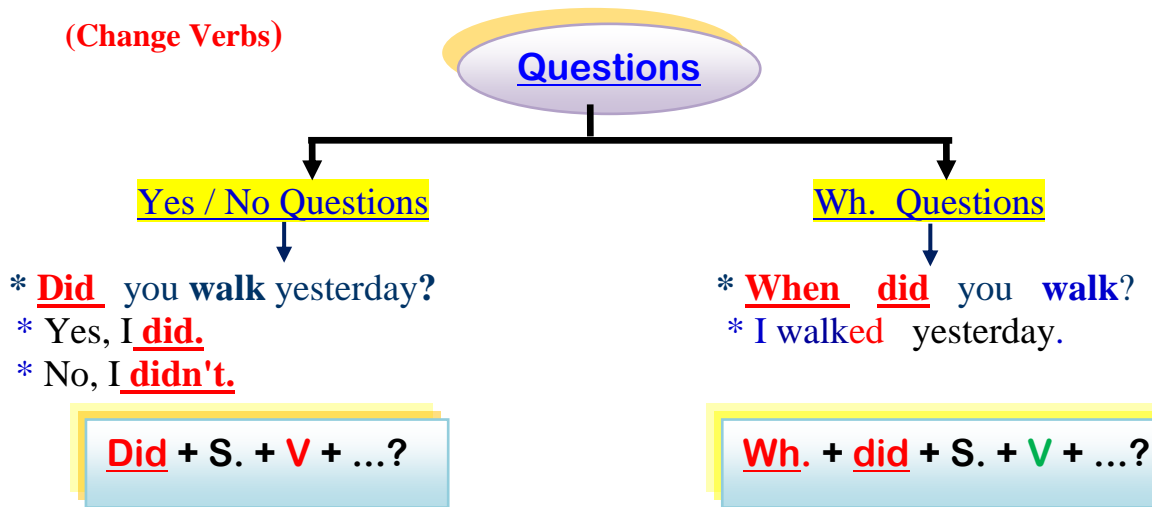
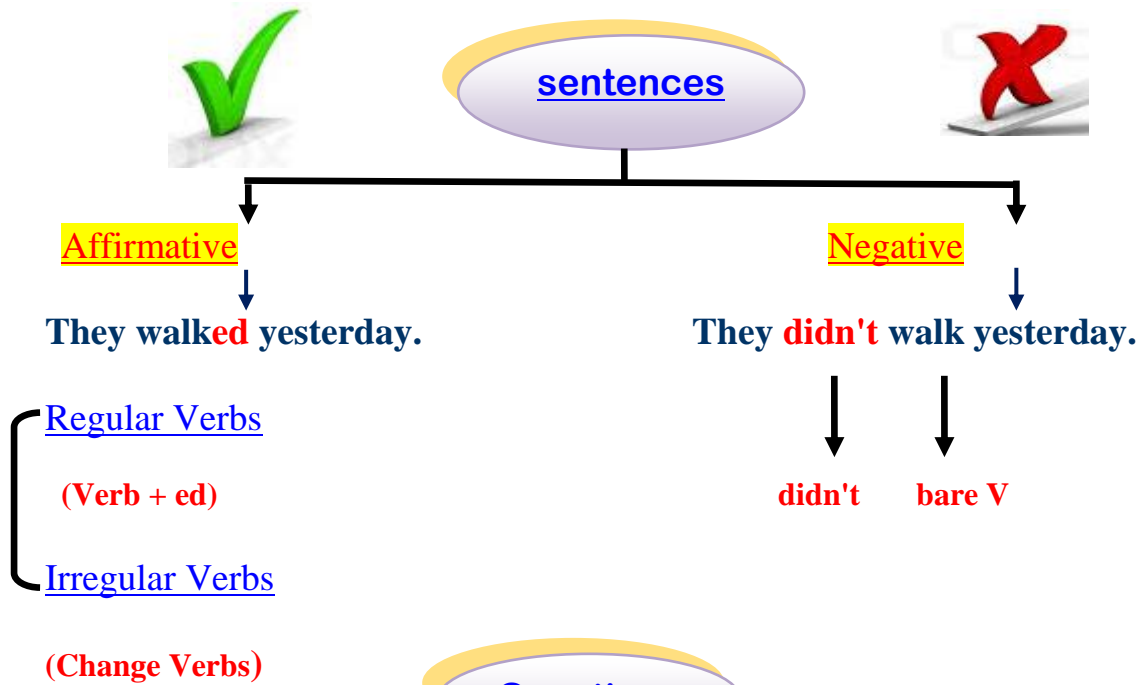
1- They **walked** to school yesterday. Affirmative

- They **didn't** walk to school yesterday. Negative

2- He **ate** chicken last week. Affirmative

- He **didn't** eat chicken last week. Negative

Key words
 Yesterday / last / ago / in the past



EX. Do as shown in brackets:

1- We visited the museum yesterday. (Make negative)

.....

2- My mother saw my friends at the shopping mall. (Make negative)

.....

3- Ali bought a nice book last Monday. (Make a question)

.....

4- The old man walked very slowly. (Make a question)

.....

EX. Choose the correct answer:

I spent a nice time last Summer holiday. I (travel - travelled - am travelling) to London with my family. We (go - went- goes) there by plane. We(stayed - stay - staying) in an expensive hotel. We (visits - visited - visit) many interesting places there.

Gerund
(Verb + ing)

(like - enjoy - prefer - go) + (Verb + ing)

- I like fishing.
- Sara enjoys dancing .
- We go swiming.
- They prefer reading books.

EX. Choose the correct answer :

I enjoy (meet - meeting - meets) my friends during the weekend. We spend the time practicing our hobbies. Sometimes we go (swimming - swim - swam). Also, we prefer (playing - play - played) computer games. We like (watch - watched - watching) adventure films too. So, we go to the cinema every weekend.

Spelling

Complete the missing letters to make correct words:

- 1-My duahgetr is really worried about her exams.
.....
- 2-Let's watch the last eipsdoe of the programme.
.....

Composition

"Driving fast may cause car accidents" Plan and write a paragraph of not less than (8 sentences) describing "A car accident."

These guide words and phrases may help you:

Fast - suddenly - hit - ambulance - broken - ambulance - police - carefully



Plan your topic here



Unit Four
Potable Water
Vocabulary



Word	Part of speech	Meaning
desalination plant	(N)	محطة تحلية
Dirty	(Adj.)	قذر
Factory	(N)	مصنع
Waste	(V)	يهدر
Carefully	(Adv.)	بحرص
Rich	(Adj.)	غنى
take out	(Ph. V)	يستخلص
Hold	(V)	تخزن - تحفظ
Iceberg	(N)	جبل جليدي
Melt	(V)	يذوب
Expensive	(Adj.)	غال الثمن

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

- 1- My father bought an car.
a) tasty b) dirty c) rich d) expensive
- 2- If you leave ice out of the freezer, it
a) melts b) holds c) wastes d) prefers
- 3- Cars are made in modern in Japan.
a) icebergs b) factories c) episodes d) desalination plants
- 4- Never eat or drink if your hands are
a) tasty b) dirty c) rich d) expensive

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

dirty – hold – waste – rich - expensive

- 1- Cars are very these days.
- 2-The should help the poor everywhere.
- 3-You have to on. The number is busy at the moment.
- 4-Don't your time and effort doing unwanted things.

Reading Comprehension



Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

One of the most interesting places for young children to visit is the zoo. It is the place where they can see many different kinds of animals. They can see the lion, this horrifying big animal that all animals and people feel frightened when seeing it. **It** is called "King of the jungle". Many stories have been written about it.

In a visit to the zoo, people can see the monkeys. They give great fun and happiness to the place. Although feeding animals in the zoo is **forbidden**, people always give them bananas and nuts.

Birds of their different kinds, sizes and colours are also there. You can see them in open areas or in cages. Hippos, elephants, tigers and snakes are there too. Zoo keepers take care of all the animals in the zoo. They give them food, water and even medicine if they need.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- What is the best title of the passage?

- a) The zoo
- b) Lions
- c) Animals
- d) Zookeepers

2- The underlined pronoun "**It**" in the 1st paragraph refers to:

- a) the monkey
- b) the tiger
- c) the lion
- d) the hippo

3- The underlined word "**forbidden**" in the 2nd paragraph means:

- a) fine
- b) free
- c) available
- d) not allowed

4- The writer's purpose of writing this text is to show that:

- a) going to the zoo is fun
- b) animals in the zoo are dangerous
- c) monkeys are funny animals
- d) animals can't live outside the zoo

B) Answer the following questions

5- Which animals weren't mentioned in the text?

.....

6- What is the lion called?

.....

7- How can zookeepers take care of animals?

.....

Imperatives

Affirmative



Stop talking in class.

↓
Bare V

Negative



Don't throw rubbish here.

↓ ↓
Don't Bare V

EX. Choose the correct answer :

You must follow the school rules. (Don't – Didn't – Doesn't) write on the walls. (Switch off – Switching off – Switched off) the lights before leaving the class. (Don't listen – Listen – Listening) carefully to your teachers. Always (come – coming – comes) in time and never be late.

Spelling

Complete the missing letters to make correct words:

1- They build a new factory to produce epxenivse clothes.

.....

2- Water level rises when iecbregs start to melt.

.....

3- Drivers should drive their cars craeulfly.

.....

Relative pronouns

Which
(Things)



Who
(People)



This is the bag. **It** is nice.
↓
This is the bag **which** is nice.

This is Sara. **She** is my Friend.
↓
This is Sara **who** is my Friend.

EX. Join the following sentences:

1-This is Ms. Salma. She teaches us English.

.....

2- My father bought a car. It is very expensive.

.....

3- That's the doctor. He works in the hospital.

.....

4- This is the book. I read it.

.....

Composition

" A drop of water means life." Plan and write a paragraph ofn not less tha (8 sentences) about "Saving water"

These guide words and phrases may help you:

turn off – taps – bucket – teeth - bottle - waste – garden - cars

✗



Unit Five
Sea World Secrets
Vocabulary



Word	Part of speech	Meaning
sink	(V)	يغوص – يغطس
squid	(N)	الحبار
coral reefs	(N)	شعاب مرجانية
lay eggs	(V)	تضع لبيض
pattern	(N)	نمط – شكل
turtle	(N)	سلحفاة
whale	(N)	حوت
spike	(N)	شوكة
slowly	(Adv.)	ببطء
shipwreck	(N)	حطام سفينة
poisonous	(Adj.)	سام

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

- 1- When you throw a stone into water, it
- a) sinks b) lays eggs c) wastes d) holds
- 2- The blueis one of the biggest sea animals.
- a) pattern b) whale c) squid d) turtle
- 3- Most Snakes are dangerous and
- a) rich b) dirty c) poisonous d) expensive
- 4- "Ninja" is my favourite TV. programme.
- a) Whales b) Turtles c) Squids d) Spikes

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

Shipwreck – sink – patterns – coral reef – lay eggs

- 1- People go diving under the sea to see the colourful
- 2- There is a problem with the ship, it willif we don' t repair it.
- 3- My mother bought me a dress full of colours and
- 4- They found a lot of old things in the

Reading Comprehension



Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Everyone has his / her own dream. Children dream of having certain jobs when **they** grow up at a very early age. They start thinking about that even if they are still young. Some of them dream of being doctors, wearing the white coats, working in hospitals and helping the sick people. Others think of being pilots, flying planes, travelling from one country to another, meeting new people and making friends everywhere. Many other children think of being engineers working in building sites, factories or in companies.

A lot of children dream of being teachers in the future, working in schools and teaching children of different ages. Whatever your dream is, you should work hard. Always **remember** " Nothing is impossible". Never give up and do your best to make your dreams true.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- What is the best title of the passage is?

- | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| a) Children's Dreams | b) Future Jobs |
| c) Places of Work | d) Impossible Wishes |

2- The underlined pronoun "**they**" in the 1st paragraph refers to:

- | | |
|-------------|--------------|
| a) pilots | b) children |
| c) teachers | d) engineers |

3- The opposite of the underlined word "**remember**" in the 2nd paragraph is:

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| a) forget | b) require |
| c) suppose | d) feel |

4- The purpose of the writer in this passage is to:

- | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| a) explain that dreams come true by hard work | b) focus on doctors |
| c) show that dreams are easy to have | d) tell us that engineers work hard |

B) Answer the following questions

5- What can you do to make your dreams true?

.....

6- How is a pilot's life?

.....

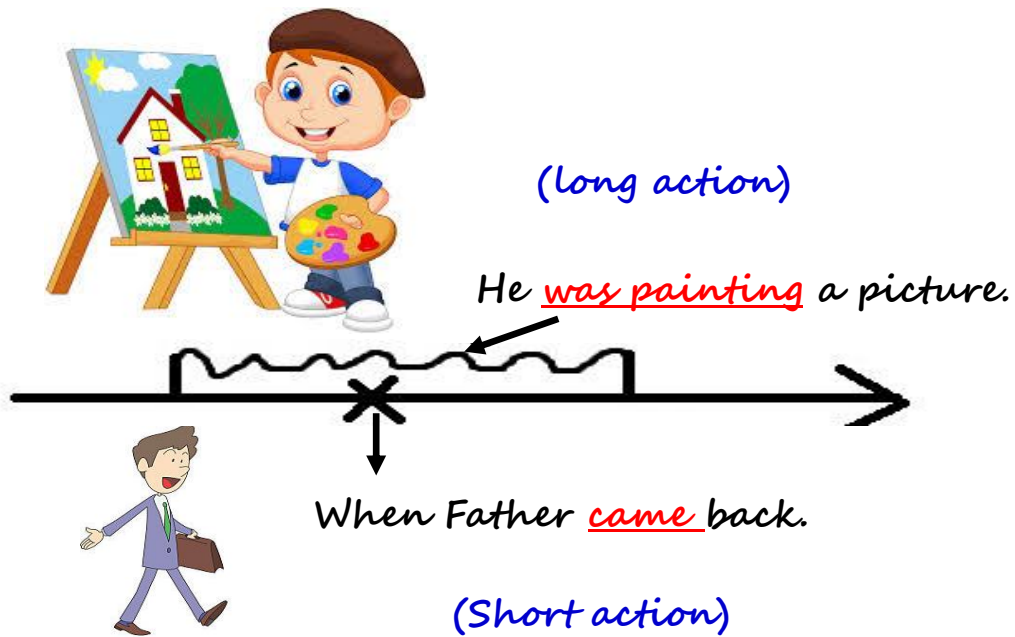
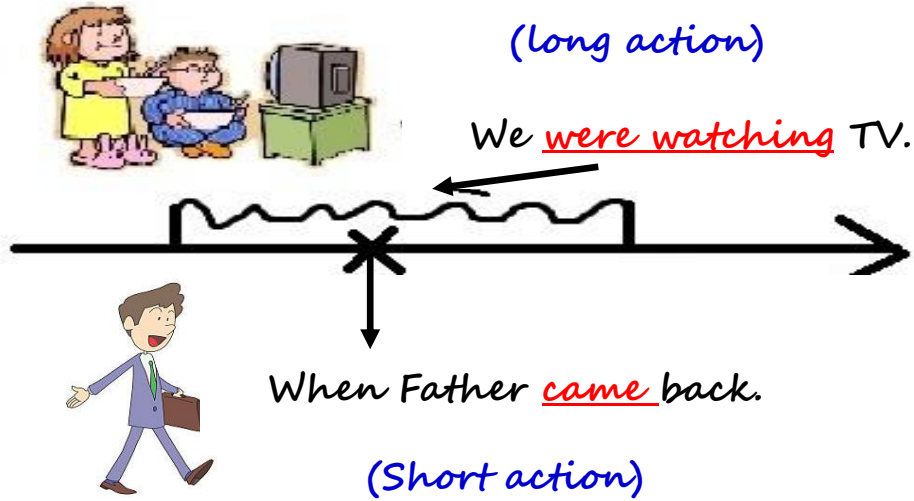
7- Where do engineers work?

.....

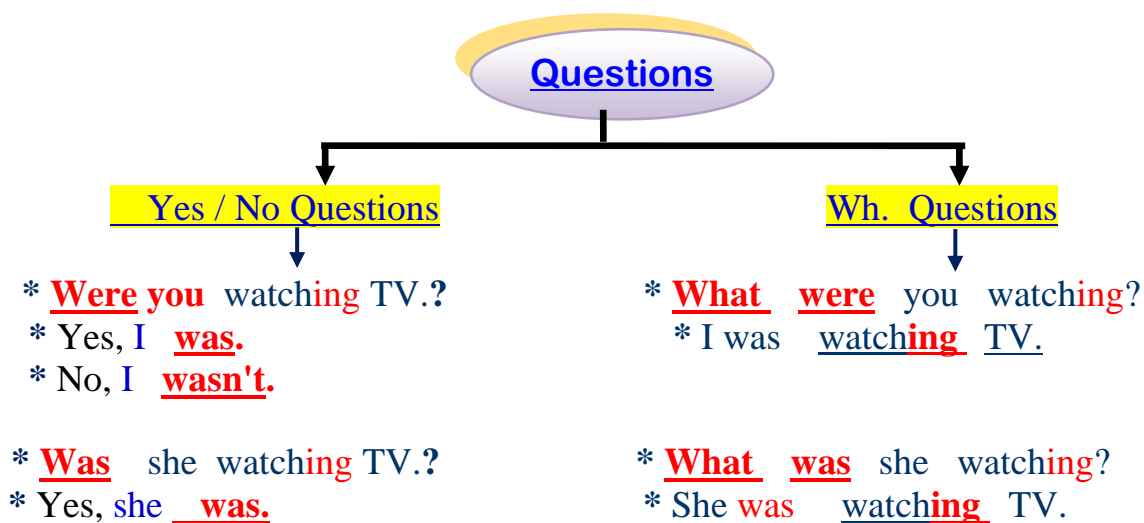
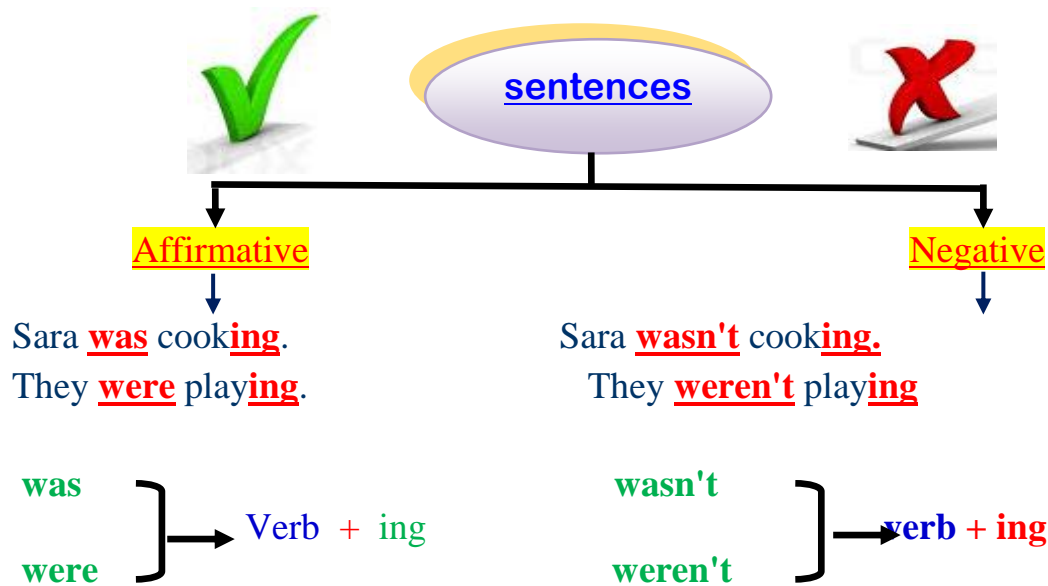
Grammar

The Past Continuous

Examples:



When → past Simple → past continuous.
past continuous → when → past Simple



Was / Were + S. + V. ing + ...?

Wh. + was / were + S. + V. ing + ...?

When → past Simple → past continuous.
past continuous **when** past Simple

EX. Choose the correct answer:

When I got up this morning, my mother(was making – were making – making) our breakfast. But Dad (were reading – was reading – is reading) the newspaper. My little brothers (was sleeping – are sleeping – were sleeping). Everybody (was doing – were doing – doing) different things at that time of the day.

EX. Do as shown between brackets:

- 1-We were visiting the USA. (Make negative)
.....
- 2- Maha was travelling to London. (Make negative)
.....
- 3-Ali was meeting his cousin in the mosque. (Make a question)
.....
- 4-Maher (wash) his car at 4:00 yesterday. (Correct the verb)
.....

Spelling

Complete the missing letters to make correct words:

- 1- Whales, sharks and **suqdis** are sea animals.
.....
- 2- The coral reefs have different colous and **ptatrens**.
.....



Unit Six
A Brave Boy
Vocabulary



Word	Part of speech	Meaning
decide	(V)	يقرر
newspaper	(N)	الجريدة
reach	(V)	يصل
scream	(V)	يصرخ
shore	(N)	شاطئ البحر
trouble	(N)	مأزق
drown	(V)	يغرق
suddenly	(Adv.)	فجأة
finally	(Advj)	أخيرا

Word	Part of speech	Meaning
Award	(N)	مكافأة
Try	(V)	يحاول
Practice	(N)	تمرين
Problem	(N)	مشكلة
Someone	(N)	شخص ما
Medal	(N)	ميدالية
Certificate	(N)	شهادة
Exhausted	(AdJ.)	منهك - مرهق

A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

1- Babies when they are hungry.

- a) collect b) scream c) reach d) drown

2- My father used to read the every morning.

- a) shore b) trouble c) someone d) newspaper

3- I was walking, I saw a car hitting a little boy.

- a) finally b) suddenly c) carefully d) slowly

4- I was really after a busy day at work.

- a) exhausted b) poisonous c) rich d) expensive

B) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

decided - award – scream – practice - problem

1- Sara has a with her computer.

2- My teacherto take us to the Scientific Center.

3-He is the best player, so he will get a / an

4-I have a swimmingevery Friday.

Reading Comprehension



Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Money is very important for life. It is a **blessing** from Allah. Everyone needs money. Parents need money to buy everything that their children need. They can buy food, drinks, clothes, furniture and cars. People earn money by working at all different kinds of jobs. You can earn money even if you are a child. You can paint a picture, make a card or design a poster to sell **them** to the others.

You can use the money you earn to buy all the things you need, or you can save it in the bank. Money has two types; paper money, which is made of special paper, and coins which are made from different kinds of metal. Some people think that money is everything in life, but this is not true. Only money can't make you happy. Good health, having a family and friends help make you happy. Helping the poor and having a hobby can make you happy too.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- What is the best title for the passage?

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| a) Kinds of money | b) Work |
| c) Happiness | d) Money and Life |

2- The word "**blessing**" in the 1st paragraph means:

- | | |
|-------------|--------------|
| a) gift | b) curse |
| c) disaster | d) adventure |

3- The pronoun "**Them**" in the 1st paragraph refers to:

- | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| a) a card and a picture | b) a picture and a poster |
| c) a card and a poster | d) a card, a picture and a poster. |

4- What is the purpose of the writer in this passage?

- | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| a) money is important | b) money is everything in life |
| c) money has two types | d) we should earn money |

B) Answer the following questions:

5- What make you happy??

.....

6 -How can you earn money?

.....

7- Why do people need money?

.....

Grammar

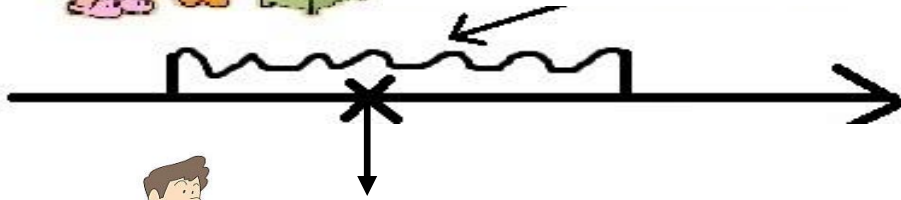
The Past Continuous

Examples:



(long action)

While We were watching TV.



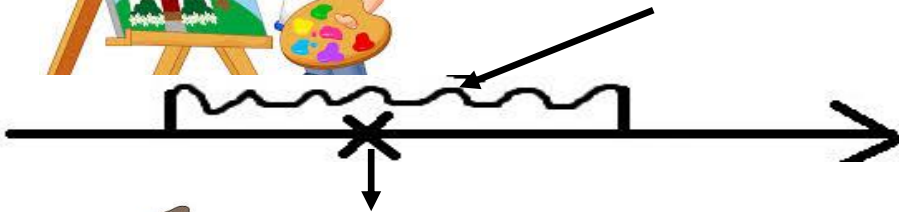
Father came back.

(Short action)



(long action)

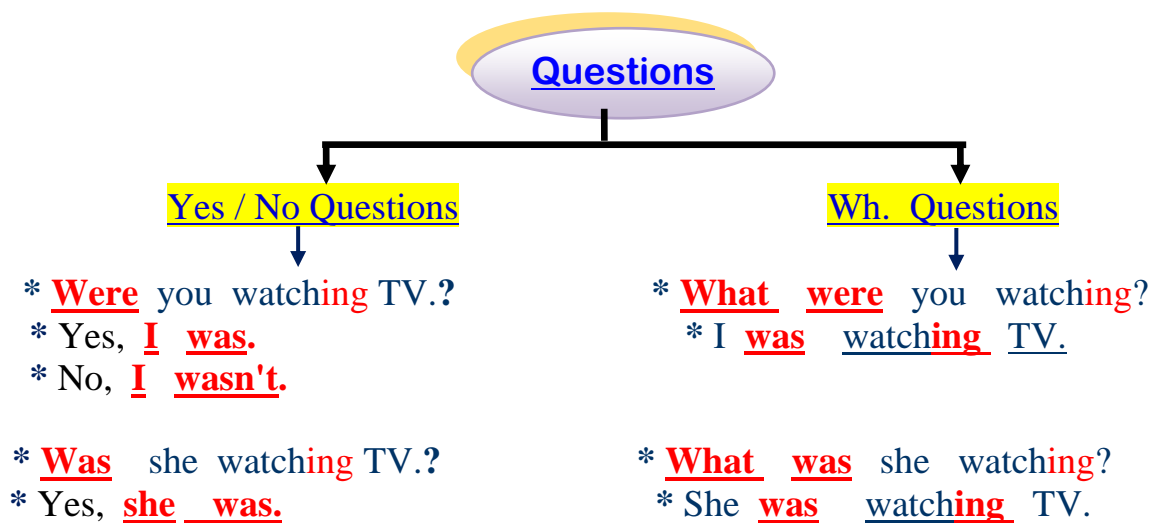
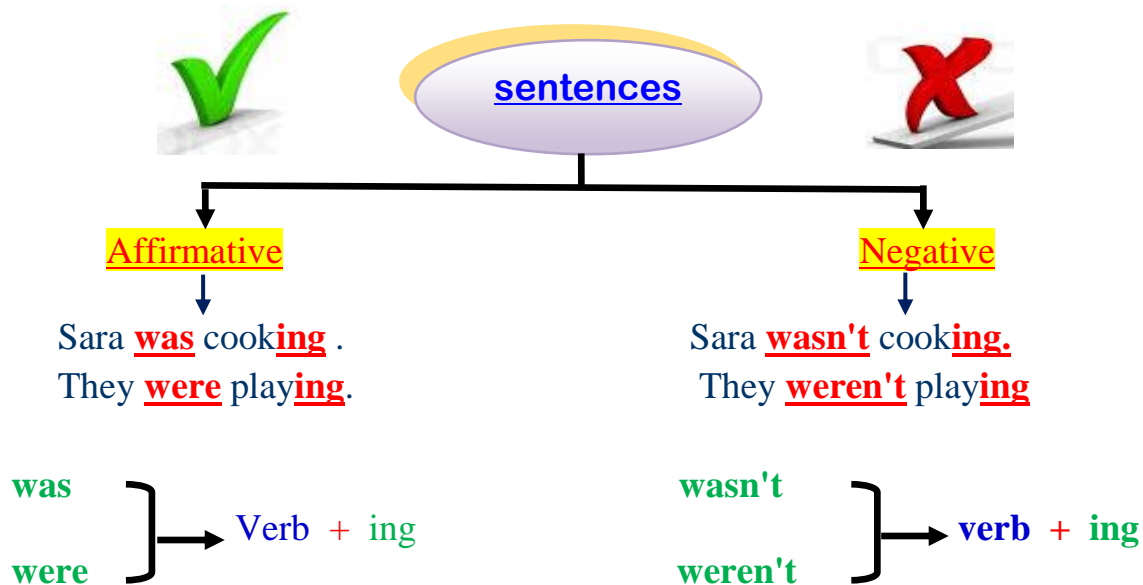
While he was painting a picture.



Father came back.

(Short action)

While → past continuous → past simple.
past simple → while → past continuous.



Was / Were + S. + V. ing + ...?

Wh. + was / were + S. + V. ing + ...?

EX. Choose the correct answer:

While I..... (was walking – were walking – walking) along the beach,
I saw a huge bird. I tried to catch it while my sister(were reading –
was reading – is reading) a story about animals. She told me that sea bird
.....(was flying – are flying – were flying) over the sea just to catch anything
it

Making Wh. Questions

1- Maha **was** reading **a book.**

What **was** Maha reading?



2- Sara **will** play **in the garden.**

Where **will** Sara play?



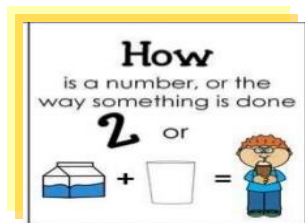
3- We **go** to school **to learn.**

Why **do** you go to school?



4- Salma goe**s** to school **by bus.**

How **does** Salma go to school?



5- Ali wash**ed** the car **yesterday.**

When **did** Ali wash the car?



6- **Maha** cooks delicious food.

Who cooks delicious food.



Wh + Helping / Modal V. + S +?

EX: Make questions:

1-We were studying English at 10:00 yesterday.

2-Salma was playing computer games.

3-Sara can go shopping at the weekend.

4- I was reading a story book

5-I finished my Homework at 6 o'clock.

6-Sami saves money in the bank.

7-The girls saw some flowers in the garden.

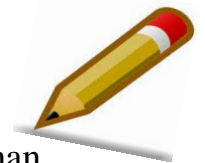
Spelling

Complete the missing letters to make correct words:

1- I was in turolbe because I couldn't solve my problems.

2- He got a medal as a rweord for his great work.

Composition



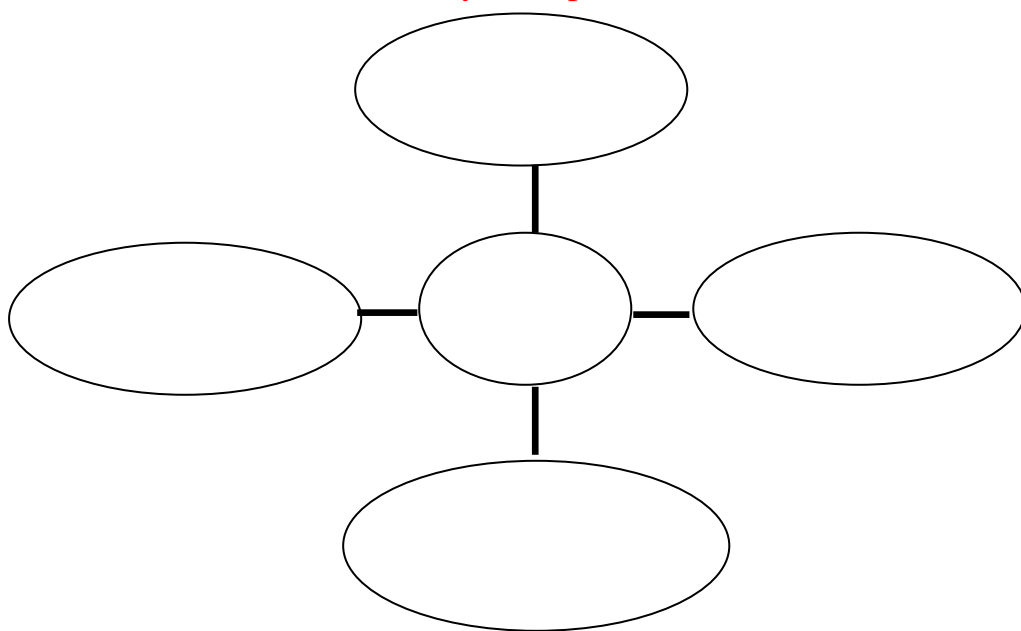
"Saving people 's life is rewarding." Plan and write a paragraph of not less than (8 sentences) about a **brave boy**.

These guide words may help you:

(beach – suddenly - drown –scream - swim – save - fast - award)



Plan your topic here



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Best wishes